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## LETTER

To the RIGHT HONOURABLE

# Simon Ld. LOVAT,

(In the Tower for HIGH TREASON)

On the IMPORTANCE of

REPENTANCE and FAITH in our LORD
JESUS CHRIST.

In CONTRADISTINCTION to the

#### Execrable Herefy of ARIANISM,

Its Believers and ABETTORS.

Occasion'd by Mr. F-----'s ACCOUNT of the Behaviour of the late EARL of KILMARNOCK.

By a MEMBER of the CHURCH of ENGLAND.

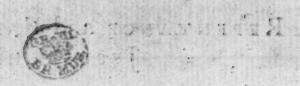
In the Beginning was the Word, and the Word was with God, and the Word was God, John i. 1.--- There are Three that bear Record in Heaven, the Father, the Word, and the Holy Ghost; and these Three are ONE, I John v. 7.

LONDON: Sold by M. COOPER; J. WILSON, P. and A. BROWN, BRISTOL; W. FREDERICK, J. LEAKE, Bath; and J. DREW, Enon.

MDCCXLVI. [Price Six-pence.]

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### Christianity Defended:

In a LETTER to Simon Lord LOVAT,

On the Importance of

REPENTANCE and FAITH in our LORD JESUS CHRIST.

My Lord!

Nov. 5. 1746.

Have lately read a small pamphlet, entitled, An Account of the Behaviour of the late Earl of Kilmarnock, publish'd by J. F.—r, a Dissenting Teacher: his being a Dissenter indeed is but of little concern, with respect to the matter in hand. The question is, Whether the Author thereof has brought Honour to the Cause of Religion, by making CHRIST, the SON of GOD, the Foundation of his Admonition, Teaching, and preparing for Death the unfortunate Earl—or whether his superficial Account has not a manifest and horrible Tendency to the effacing the Power of the Godhead of Christ from the Cause, and substituting in its place, the maxims of simple Fortitude and pretended manly Reason.

THE many things already publish'd on this account, had in some measure damp'd my intention; but finding none of them to have the Root of the Matter in them, I thought it my indispensable duty to revise the general part of this Great Man's elaborate performance, in a serious epistle

#### CHRISTIANITY DEFENDED.

Epifile to your Lordship. And lest your Lordship should be offended with its Publication, permit me to apologife, That it would be unreasonable in a thing of this nature to let it escape the Publick Eye, especially when it is confider'd how univerfally the Account has been read, and how much too the Sentiments of the Author square with the Generality of the polite part of the World.

greatness, opulency of fortune, or the dignity of man, is but as vanity when we treat of fo sublime a subject as that of eternity.--- No man therefore, should presume to be so much of a gentleman, as to make light of the ill consequence of a traiterous, mispent life: because it is certainly fure, that if a man die in his fins, whether it be Rebellion, Whoredom, Drunkenness, Blasphemy, or in the breach of any other of the Laws of God, he cannot fee GOD but to his eternal condemnation.

Bur before I begin, I would premise, my lord, That

And indeed, my lord, if we go upon the scripture bypothefis (the undeniable and fundamental rule of Faith and Practice) we shall find, all the pretentions of the enemies to our country fall to the ground. 1. That it is rebellion against God to oppose the Lord's Anointed, and the Pow-Rom. xiii. 2. ers that be, because they are ordained of Gov, and whofoewer resisteth the Power, resisteth the Ordinance of GoD; and they that resist, shall receive to themselves Damnation. -Now Rebellion is in itself to glaring an opposition to God and his eternal Word, as to admit of no just argument or defence. It is enough that it is against the commands of God to resist the Powers that be, even tho' it be only by fomenting disquiet or discontent among the people. Turbulent, proud, and wicked spirits, whose minds are as the troubled fea, and whose ambition outstrips even the superlative rules of vertue and social society, are not only too common in almost all States, but are also a deadly posson working in the bowels of a nation. It is necessary therefore, that as soon as they shall be discover'd, to use them with that purgation as the wisdom of a State shall determine, and the nature of their crimos admit. In all countries, Laws and Rules

Ezek. iii. 20.

John iii. 3.

of Government are, without dispute, adjudg'd the Bulwark of a peaceful nation, the Cementation of King and People, and the undemable and conjoint Fundamental of the Happiness of both Parties.

WHEN a State is once fettled, and peace and plenty flow in upon it; when it becomes, as it were, the Land of Promise, the peculiar Favourite of Heaven, bles'd with a mild and gracious Prince, and and a royal progeny of a like disposition (and for whose prosperity and life thousands of fouls are daily making Intercession with God) how vain, how impious, how wickedly rebellious must that man be, who shall dare either to lift his voice or hand against so great, so richly instated a Providence? ---- Oh Sir! do but look back into the scenes that you and your ambitious cotemporaries have been engaged in----- View the murders, rapine, plunder, that follow'd your Rebellion against a well-settled, peaceful Government .---- What defolation has it made on your account; how many thousand lives have been lost, families ruin'd, places depopulated: ---- and all for the fake of ambition, and in direct violation of your oaths as subjects, and of all ties both human and divine. To a mind capable of gathering into his bosom the dreadful catastrophe, it must appear unspeakably shocking, as it carries with it the view of all the terrible defolations of Rebellion in the character of a dreadful, intestine War .---- But, my lord, I mean not to infult over the Distressed, nor aggravate your crimes. I only occasionally just touched on the Rebellion, as a natural introduction to the thing intended; my principal and only defign being to take a general view of the Account, and to treat of the nature of only and principal motive of our acceptance with GOD.

Repentance, and Faith in our LORD JESUS CHRIST, as the Eph. ii. 8.

1. THE initiation of the Account carries with it an undoubted air of seriousness, that bespeaks and calls for due attention. When I first perus'd it, I must confess, my expectation was greatly rais'd, when the author fays, p. 4. " That he took it for granted from his lordship's lending for bim, that he would allow him to deal freely with him, and not expect to be flatter'd, nor to have the malignity of his crimes disguised or soften'd: for it was his opinion, that the wound of his mind, occasion'd by his publick and private vices, should be prob'd and search'd to the bottom, before he could be capable of receiving any remedy." Telling him also, that "this was not a time to prevaricate with him, or to play the hypocrite before God."—— Such a noble and generous declaration rais'd my hopes still higher, that by and by I should find the doctrine of Repentance as nobly enlarg'd upon as the dignity and solemnity of the occasion requir'd.

2. And what is still more, I was agreeably entertain'd p. 4. with the exhortation "to look upon himself as a criminal, whose sentence of death was scarce more just, than the execution of it was inevitable." - But alas, my lord, how short does he immediately fall of his duty and plainness of dealing, in not setting before him the great danger of his foul, if he could fee himself under the dreadful sentence and wrath of God, without a CHRIST? The particular circumstance that follows, viz. of his working bimself up into that deep contrition and bitter remorfe, and a true temper of penitence, which ALONE (he fays) could recommend him to the Divine Mercy, is fuch a robbery of the Glory of CHRIST, that I cannot let it pass without remarking to your lordship, that this is laying Repentance upon a man's own ability, independent of the gospel system and method of salvation: ----For 1. a man must be convinced of fin by the Spirit of GOD, before he can repent; 2. Reason (which is that faculty of the mind that weighs and confiders the nature and property of things) cannot bring the foul to this contrition, without the Spirit of CHRIST: 3. This divinity stirring within us, causes us to see and feel ourfelves lost by nature, utterly and for ever undone without redemption by Christ's Blood. And lastly, that as foon as a man has this divine conviction, and spiritually believes in Jesus the friend of sinners, his foul insensibly, as it were, feels his burden lighten'd, and the Glory of GOD breaking in upon him. - "The terror of the fen!

John xvi. 8.

Rom. iii. 25. John viii, 9. Acts viii. 37.

fentence (fays the Accountant) he endeavour'd as much as lay in his power to repel."—— Had he been hereupon taught, that the fentence pass'd upon the Lord of Life was much more terrible—to have his hands and feet nailed to the accurred tree--- his head crown'd with thorns ----his fide pierced with the cruel spear----his body all befmear'd with blood--- his dying thirst allay'd with gaul and vinegar --- and all this for Man! --- it might better have alleviated the dreadful apprehension, than all the vain infusions of Fortitude and manly Reason could have fuggested.

My lord, flatter not yourfelf that any repentance can be apparent, but in a total resignation to the Spirit and Will of Gop .--- Your crime of Rebellion is great, but your Rebellion against the King of Kings is much greater, and which needs the application of CHRIST'S Blood to blot it out .- A man's being " a rebel against his conscience and unvaried principles, and in violation of his oath (to his king) folemnly and often repeated - his acting in direct repugnance to those Revolution Principles which he had formerly professed, &c. were certainly high aggravations of lord Kilmarnock's guilt, and ought to have struck his mind with the deepest remorfe and horror that fo foul a crime could not be fincerely repented of, without the deepest contrition and bumiliation of soul."-But let it be consider'd, can a person in a natural state, and in the horrible guilt of Rebellion too, rationally affirm, That he can give himself this repentance, this deep contrition, this humiliation of foul, or work himself up to any pitch thereof? - Nay, but verily it is the gift of Gop. Eph. ii. 8.

3. As to the consequences of the Rebellion, p. 7. my lord, they are happily stop'd, and you like to be made a glaring example of, for your share in the conduct thereof. This is a matter that calls for no other attention here, than that the nation has felt part of God's displeasure; and will feel it yet more, in another light, if we do not repent and believe the Gospel.

Luke xiii. 3.

4. In p. 10. there is a pretty, moral, florid description

of lord Kilmarnock's laying the guilt of Rebellion to his "careless and diffolute life," and a good inducement for him to acknowledge therefrom, "the wisdom of Providence in fo fettling the train and order of things in this moral world, as that a life of levity and extravagance naturally lead to other the most fatal extremes."—I would to God, all the Gentry and Commonalty of the land were thus to consider. - But where is CHRIST? - Not yet to be found in the Account .-

But moreover, my lord Kilmarnock is made here to

Pf. cxlv. 9.

fay, "That it was a wife and righteous Providence he did not fall at the battle of Culloden, quite unrepenting, &c. - for that had the rebellion been successful, he should have gone on in his guilt, and have had many more Oppressions and Murders to account for before Gop." — The one part of this fection may be left undiscuss'd, and submitted to that God whose mercies are over all his Works. But the other part brings to my mind a folemn idea of the Ravage and Devastation productive of this Rebellion. It is confess'd here, my lord, that Oppression and Murder WERE practised in the scenes of pretension to redress an injur'd nation. And amidst all my ideas of cruelty, the blowing up of the church of St. Ninians, rifes strongest to my view, where (oh direful thought!) cruelty had its utmost extent; - innocency here fuffer'd, and friends and enemies shar'd one lamentable fate! - But they are gone, and lord Lovat left a remaining spectacle to men and angels. - Happy is it for you, my lord, that you have a time left for recollection, to gather into your bosom, all the horrors of the past scenes, and to close in with the blessed Jesus, whose Heb. xix. 24. blood speaketh better things than that of Abel; and whose efficacy is so all-powerful and prevalent at the Throne of God, that the our fins were as scarlet, it is able to make them as white as Wool .- But mistake me not, my lord, I would not here be thought to vindicate you in your Rebellion. No; but as you have thus unhappily forfeited your life to your country, take care you do not forfeit your foul, by letting your Rebellion betray you into fuch a hardness of heart, as to stifle the conviction of conscience, and make you believe, there needs no repentance.

If. i. 18.

Pf. lyxxi.

Luke xv. 7.

5. I find

g. I find in the subsequent lines of the Account, that the noble penitent did ance awfully mention the name of Christ, before the repetition of the words of his own prayer, Father, if it be possible, let this cup pass from menevertbeless, not as I will, but as Thou wilt." -- but st thought it a mixture of profaneness with piety for such a finner to make use of this expression of his blessed Saviour." ---- My lord, I am glad to read this: And oh! that your heart were ready to condemn Yourfelf also, for your unworthiness and treachery as well toward God as toward man. Oh! that you could but behold Him whose goings forth Mic. v. 2. bave been from of OLD, from EVERLASTING! Him who created all things BY JESUS CHRIST ! --- who being THE Eph. iii. 9. EXPRESS I MAGE OF THE FATHER, and IN THE Heb. i. 3. FORM of GOD, thought it no robbery to be EQUAL with Phil. ii. 6. GOD! --- who was cloathed with a westure dipt in blood, Rev. xix. 13. and whose name is called THE WORD OF GOD! ---- in whom dwelleth the FULNESS of the GODHEAD BODILY! Col. ii. g. and in whom are bid all the Treasures of Wisdom and Knowledge; and to know whom is Life Eternal! --- Oh! my John xvii. 3. lord, let me intreat you to cast yourself upon Him; for behold He satisfieth and filleth the hungry, distressed soul, yea, even those who call upon his Name: Verily be will deliver you out of darkness, and out of the shadow of death, Pla. cvii. 14, and break your bonds in funder .-- O that men would there- 15. fore praise the LORD for his goodness, and declare the wonders that he doth for the children of men! - The calmness that would proceed from hence, cannot be comprehended in the poor term of rational calmness, neither is this working yourself up to a compleat temper of refignation; nor can you so blindly believe the Arianism of this aftertion, That " from hence ALONE true comfort springeth." ---My lord, true comfort proceeds only from true conviction of fin---- repentance toward God, and FAITH in (both as Acts XX. 21. to the Godhead and Manhood, and the reconciliation of our fouls unto God, through the meritorious death and fufferings of) our LORD JESUS CHRIST. This is the Rock the believing foul builds on --- while others perish in the purfuit of their own Vanity .- And truly, my lord, it is merely Vanity for the creature to presume to give himself any one of the Beatitudes of God --- because, all our ability com-

Gal. iii. 26.

John iii. 3.

eth from, and is spiritually averaght in us, by Him, who is the giver of every good and perfect gift, and who is John i. 17. Acts x. 36. Lord of All!

6. My lord, This doctrine of working ourselves up to a true temper of penitence and a more compleat resignation, and afferting, That " from this ALONE true comfort and rational calmness of mind springeth," is such a strain of incongruous Divinity, that I believe no true rationalist can sensibly abide by. For alas, can Reason itself conceive, there is any true Repentance or Comfort, but in and thro' the LORD JESUS CHRIST? He must be a degree lower than an Arian that will affert this .- Again: Can a man work himself into a true frame of repentance, or find acceptance in God, by a true and lively Faith in CHRIST (as co-equal and co-eternal with the FATHER) but through the influence of the Spirit of Christ? ---- Or, can a man be born again, i. e. renewed in the Spirit of God, but by Matt. iii. 11. the operation of the Power and Spirit of the Holy GHOST? - None but a rank Arian or Deift, dare ad--He that denieth this, denieth both the Father and the

1 Joh. ii. 23. vance fo flat a contradiction to the revealed Word of God. Son - but whoso denieth the Power of the Son, denieth the Power of the Father; and believeth not the record

I Joh. v. 10. which God gave of his SON.

7. My lord, I am the more urgent on this head, be-Acts ii. 38. cause on this receiving of CHRIST in the mighty rushing wind, rests the eternal dependance of the salvation of our fouls. Prize it therefore as the exceeding riches of GoD, 1 Pet. i. 9. the Pearl of great Price, the Hidden Manna, the White Stone, which no one knows fave he that receiveth it.

> 8. In p. 12. the Act. very judiciously advises his penitent to " a recollection of all his more private vices, and not to excuse and paliate them, but represent them to his mind with all their aggravations, &c. and moreover, to alienate as much as possible the love and relish of his former iniquities;" alledging, that " without This he could have nothing to recommend him to God's mercy, nor any well-grounded hope of it" - that he was to "get a strong. detesta

detestation and aversion to sin, and to reflect frequently on the malignity, deformity, and horror of it in itself, as a stain to his reason, and the most ignomious depression to his nature," &c .- that " in proportion to the evidence of his repentance, and to That alone, could he have any folid expectation or hope of a pardon," &c. - Indeed, I am a little at a stand what to say to this florid, superficial strain of the eloquent Act. For 1. to me, it feems absurd, to talk to a dying man, of alienating his love and relish of former impurities - and to affert 2. That " without This he could have nothing to recommend him to God's mercy," and 3. For him to " reflect frequently on the malignity, deformity and borror of it in itself, as a stain to his reason; and that in proportion to the evidence of his repentance, and to That alone, could he have any folid expectation of a pardon:" - I fay, the first proposition is not only absurd, but all the rest is absolutely shutting the glorious system of the Gospel out of the question, substituting in its room the ignorance, vanity, and self-sufficiency of the Creature.

OH! my lord, I earnestly invite you to cast your self at the feet of Christ, as a lost, condemn'd sinner, crying out Luke vii. 38. in the very bitterness of soul, What shall I do to be sav'd! Acts xvi. 30. -To renounce yourfelf wholly as a wretch that deserveth Matth. xxiii. the damnation of hell - who hath nothing to recommend 33. Him to God's favour, but the Wounds of the LORD JESUS CHRIST—that the stain to Your reason, the depravity of YOUR nature, concenter in your REBELLION AGAINST GOD, and that without the remission of sins HERE, by the Free Grace of God, you do not expect to fee God, but Acts ii. 38. to your eternal condemnation — that the proportion of the evidence of Your repentance, is, GOD be merciful to me a finner! - and that moreover you have no proportion of Merit to plead from recollection, rational calmness, or the seeing the malignity, deformity or borror of Your fins, but what also is concenter'd in the merits, death and sufferings of the God-man CHRIST JESUS .- And oh! my lord, that I could persuade you to stretch forth your Matt. xii. 13. band after the Lord of life, and to lay hold of THIS Hope of your falvation. - Oh! cry unto the LORD, and who knows but the mighty rushing of his Love may suddenly satisfy your hungry, empty soul!

9. IT

John viii. 9. It is here to be observed, my lord, that conviction of fin produces in the foul an utter borror of its foulness and malignity; and this is the first step to Christ.—None but Christ! None but Christ! will be the cry of a fincere and penitent soul. Working bimself up to a pitch of abhorrence of his sins, is a modern direction, not scriptural, and consequently not of GOD. I know of no

Luke xiv. 11. other repentance, than in being grieved and humbled before GOD on account of fin, which produces in us a
just detestation of our own Nature, and the seeing ourselves lost, condemn'd, and for ever miserable (both by
original as well as actual sin) without the application of

Acts ii. 36. the death of the Lord's Christ.—But I deny that any man can work in himself this Gift of GOD. All his Recollection, Reason, and manly Fortitude, are like the sigure of an Idol substituted in the room of the Spirit of Christ. And this is the rock on which the wise, the Scribe, the Pharisee, break in pieces, and all their moulten Images come tumbling down together. Set but up the Standard

Acts xiii. 38. of Jesus Christ, and preach forgiveness of sins thro' his Blood, you astonish all the banditti of the wise, the prudent, and self-righteous. A roaring is presently heard as though you had risen in Rebellion against the King. ---But nevertheless, Sir, in this same Jesus are summed up

John iii. 36. all the fins of the whole world; and whosewer believeth in Him, hath such a peace of GOD possessing his soul, as is the only sure evidence and token of the fincerity of his repentance towards GOD, and our LORD JESUS CHRIST, and which passeth all Understanding. But indeed the na-

Cor. ii. 14. tural man cannot conceive it, because it is spiritually discerned. — My lord, present such a soul as this, purified (tho' but in the lowest Sense) by Faith in the Son of God, with halters, axes, racks, and all the dreadful aparatus of death, he smiles at the glorious means prepar'd to drive his soul to the mansions of eternal bliss! — And oh! my unfortunate lord, that I could persuade You (even whilst you have opportunity) to lay hold, to close in with the Saviour of mankind, that you may have eternal life—and that too, you could, thro' the conviction of sin, (wrought in you by the Grace of GOD) see the depravity of your

Nature by the nature of Sin - abstaining from all de-

pen-

pendance of working yourfelf into frames of repentance, or relying on any thing BUT the meritorious death and Sufferings of the LORD JESUS CHRIST.

THIS brings me, my lord, to a concise explication of this point, and which demands your most serious Attention. It is a scriptural maxim, and consequently the mind of the HOLY GHOST, that repentance and humility are always to be the just Preparative and Temper of the Soul, before it receives Faith, For a man must first be humbled, condemn'd in his own foul, before he can receive any real and living Faith in the SPIRIT of Christ. Gal. ii. 20, Inasmuch as this Gift of GOD causes us to have a lowly sense of our unworthiness, discovers in us the sinfulness, nakedness, and misery of buman nature, and is the ornamental Grace of a Christian. And this Condemnation, this Spiritual Sensation of our deformity to the original of Man, cannot be wrought in us by any other Power than that of the Spirit of GOD .- FAITH, my lord, is the Life of the foul; and if you find this myflery, this evidence of things unseen, being and abiding in you, you Heb. xi. 1. cannot but be fatisfied, that there is a Certainty, from a divine consciousness, that Gon's Spirit beareth witness with Rom. viii. 14. your Spirit that you are a Child of GOD.

My lord Kilmarnock's acknowledging his Guilt and Shame in the late unnatural Rebellion, &c. without all doubt, ought publickly to have been declared. ---- But what I fix upon is, The laying fo much Strefs on This, and leaving the Wound of his Rebellious Soul against God and his CHRIST in a manner untouch'd, unprob'd: for if the Sense of Rebellion against GOD be not the object or cause of Repentance, the confessing ones crime of rebellion against the King with ones dying breath, is merely superficial, and a plain indication, the wound was never fearch'd to the bottom, howoever the foul might stand in the merciful Eye of GoD.

My lord, let me intreat your lordship to consider well, That when a man is given of GOD to see himself in the foul, polluted state of fin, he becomes restless and uneasy;

his foul is like the troubled fea, and unable to abide its own torment: he abhors himself as in dust and ashes, and looks Rev. iii. 17. upon himself as miserable and poor and blind and naked. As convictions increase, the mind becomes more and more uneasy, and ever restless (if we do not stifle those convictions ) till Jesus the Mediator of the New Covenant, speaks Peace unto the Soul --- till it be formed in CHRIST --- till it receive that bleffing from on high, " Son, be of good cheer, thy Sins ARE forgiven thee --- go in peace, thy Faith HATH made thee WHOLE." ---- My lord, the renewed foul of.

Matt. ix. 2.

man is of fuch a noble and vast extent, as to comprehend (in a great measure) the length and breadth and depth and beighth of everlasting Love--- and this Love is IN the Son. And He may as well cease to be, as to with-hold his Love from any who feek, cry, and fearch after Him .---This is truly confonant with God's giving his SON to death, that all THROUGH Him might have life: that is, all who believe (feelingly believe) that JESUS is THE CHRIST, THE SON OF GOD, co-equal and co-eternal with the FATHER, VERY GOD OF VERY GOD, THE Saviour of the World-whom GOD bath fent forth to be

Rom. iii. 25. a Propitiation through Faith in his Blood, to declare his Righteousness for the Remission of Sins that are past, thro' the forbearance of GOD .- This, my lord, is Gospel, and as far from Arianism as Heaven is from hell .--- More-

11, 12.

I John v. 10, over, He that believeth on the SON of GOD hath the Witness in himself: He that believeth not GOD, bath made Him a liar, because be believeth not the Record (and confequently not that the Father and Son are co-equal and co-eternal) that GOD gave of his SON; - and this is the Record that GOD hath given us eternal life; and this Life is in the SON .- He that bath the SON hath Life; and he that bath not the SON of GOD hath not Life. -My lord, these Postulata's are sufficient ALONE to overthrow all Arianism. And it is plain from the general issue, That it is not the prescription of a sovereign remedy that cures the disease, but the applying it: that as

1 John ii. 2.

God gave his Son to die, to atone for the fins of the whole world, He confequently would have all to be faved: nay, He willeth it: He defires it; and having provided this means for our acceptance in Him, has also pro-

vided the Gift of Faith, as the confequent Effect of our reconciliation in the death of CHRIST; which being but Rom. v. 10. once applied to the foul, polluted, malignant soul, cleanses it, and renders it acceptable in the fight of Gop.

My lord, all that Gop requires of us, is, to receive the SON into our Hearts by Faith; having them sprinkled from an evil conscience, and our Bodies washed with pure Water. Yea, we are called to be an babitation of GOD Eph. ii. 22 through the Spirit; to be Saints here, and partakers of the Col. i. 12. inheritance of the Saints in light : for by Faith we receive, not the Spirit of the world, but the Spirit which is of GoD: and in this is concenter'd the Sum of all the Promises, even eternal life, and joy and peace forevermore! - But he that receiveth not the SON, the Wrath of GOD abid- John iii. 36. eth on him, BECAUSE be receiveth him not.

How miferably off, then, are those men, who dare disallow the co-equality and co-eternity of the ever blessed TRINITY? Is it not written, I and my Father are ONE? John x, 30. and that none come unto the Father, but thro' the SON? John xiv. 6. Indeed, here stands the Mystery, incomprehensible without the SPIRIT of CHRIST: In this divine coalition, viz. the UNITY OF THE GODHEAD, confilts that Spirit of Truth, I John v. 7. proceeding from the FATHER, the Son, and the HOLY GHOST: and these Three are ONE: altho' the Father is God, the Son is God, and the Holy Ghoft is God: and yet these are not Three Gons, but ONE Gon. This, my lord, a man must believe, without wavering, not merely upon the principles or impugnance of a Creed, but as the Truths of the eternal Spirit of God. - Oh! that the Wind would blow from the Four Corners of Hea- Ezek. XXXVII. ven on the A-1's dry bones, that they might live! 9. That the Power of the FATHER, SON and SPIRIT, would divide the Marrow and Joints of those who dare presume to teach men the way of Salvation out of CHRIST, and Faith in his GODHEAD! — What a poignant Repartee must it occasion from an Atheist or Deist, to hear of a person who calls himself a Minister of the Gospel, teaching a condemn'd person the suar to Heaven without making CHRIST the Door of his Salvation! \_\_\_ Indeed, one

may

may find, now and then, the Name of God (occasionally) edg'd in through the course of the Account, and the principal matter to confift chiefly of bringing the unfortunate Earl to a just sense of his rebellion against his King, but palliating over the Sentences of Gop denounced against Matt. xvi. 16. Unbelievers in Jesus Christ: - Happy is it for you, my lord, if you choose a better Pastor. Let all his Rhetorick and flow of (unmeaning) language pass your eye; and be you entreated to be reconciled unto God, through the SON; and this thro' the Principles of the Glad Tydings of Salvation publish'd by the Heralds of Heaven, under the Banner of the Cross of the LORD JESUS CHRIST,

John i. 26.

in whom who foever believeth shall never die.

Mar. i. 15. Pf. ii. 12.

10. THE Principle of Repentance, my lord, cannot, (as has been before observed) be seated in the creature, but received as the Gift of God. He calleth upon men every where to repent and believe the Gospel. Oh! then, my lord, Go kifs the SON; get an interest in his Blood, and rest not, night nor day, wrestling with him in Prayer, that you may be enabled to smile when the bour of death cometh, and be filled with all the Fruition of Peace.

11. WE come now, my lord, to the more folemn part of the Account, viz. the time of the decollation.

I FIND by what the Accountant fets forth, that lord Kilmarnock declared, " he firmly believed in the great Truths of Gon's Being and Providence, and a future state of Rewards and Punishments for Vertue and Vice; and that he never had been involved in the fashionable Sceptisms of the Times, with respect to Christianity." - But 1. Would the A-tant venture to affirm, that a man can believe the Great Truths of God's Being, without, I and my Father are ONE? - and that mankind had been all eternally miserable, had it not been for the spilling of the Blood of the God-Man Christ Jesus? - 2. Rewards and Punishments for Vertue and Vice! and not for Unbelief in the living Power and Spirit of the Son of God! - What matters it whether a man fall into the blind Sceptism of a " base, degenerate age," or no, if the Religion

ligion of Jesus Christ is not made the ultimate End of all his Faith and Actions? — This, my lord, is a great delution of the Devil, which keeps men that up in Unbelief, doing despite to the Spirit of Grace. Eyes have they Heb. x. 29: and see not, they have ears and hear not, neither will they Ezek. xii. 2. understand that Christ is All in All. the great Shepherd 1 Pet. ii. 25: and Bishop of our Souls, and God over all, blessed forevermore! — Yet, if men can but fix themselves upon the favourite system of Morality, they think they are safe. But if they would argue as men of genuine reason and understanding, they must with half an eye perceive, that all Works done before Faith, have in them the nature of sin," and cannot be perform'd with acceptance towards God, till by Grace the grand motive of pleasing God is spiritually planted in the soul.

12. I now pass, my lord, unto that part of the Account, wherein lord Kilmarnock is represented to appear diffident of the Sincerity of his repentance. He was here taught, (contrary to the doctrine of our LORD JESUS CHRIST) that " if he aimed at Certainty in this grand point, he might unnecessarily perplex and distress his mind-for such a Certainty (of Sincerety in his Repentance) was not attainable by perfons in his condition." —— And that, " upon making an enquiry into his State and Condition, he should find he had more ground to hope that his repentance was fincere, than he had to fear it was infincere, the consequence would be, that he must, upon the whole, have more reason to bope than fear. [Here's strong, manly, rational Religion!] And this, says the Act ... t, in my opinion, was the highest pitch to which I could attempt to raise him."- It is well, my lord, the Gospel of Christ is not hid from us, as from the ignorant Papists; that by this Standard we have liberty to measure things, whether they be of God, or no. And it might here be ask'd, upon what Authority could this boly penetent (as he is elsewhere called by the Act.) be excluded the Assurance of the Sincerity of his Repentance? Had he been a Member of the excellent Church of England, and piously adhered to the Purity of her primitive doctrine, he might have found, this positive Asseveration,

Believe

Acts xvi. 31. Believe in the LORD JESUS CHRIST and thou Shalt be faved. And verily, my ford, none who ask the Bleffing upon the evangelical fystem, are or can be excluded the Acceptance of God - fince by FAITH we obtain the Promises, (which are Yea and Amen in CHRIST JESUS) as Heirs of eternal life. - But, my lord, what is Faith?

I mean, that Principle for which the Saints so earneftly contend, and which is the grand Prospective of all Religion? Is it not, (as defin'd by a prefent living Oracle of the

Church of England, and firielly agreeable to the doctrine of the Gospel) " the demonstrative evidence of things

unseen, the supernatural evidence of things invisible, Heb. xi. 1. not perceivable by the eyes of flesh, or by any of our natural fenfes or faculties? - Is it not that divine evi-

dence, whereby the spiritual man discerneth God, and the things of God? - Is it not the spiritual sensation of every foul that is born of GoD? - the Eye of the new-born foul,

ib. 27. whereby a true believer in Goo feeth Him who is invisible? - Is it not the Ear of the foul, whereby a Sinner bears

the Voice of the SON of GOD and lives - even that Voice which alone wakes the Dead, Son, thy Sins are forgiven

Matth. ix. 2. thee? - Is it not the Palate of the foul, whereby a believer taftes the good Word and Powers of the world to come; Heb. vi. 5.

1 Pet. ii, 3. and also tastes and sees that God is gracious and merciful to him a Sinner? - Is it not the Feeling of the foul,

> whereby a believer perceives, thro' the Power of the Most High overshadowing him, both the existence and the presence

Acts xvii. 28. of Him, in whom he lives, moves, and has his being, and

whereby he feels the love of God fhed abroad in his heart?" - Is it not the immeasurable Idea which the foul has of

God - the great Expanse of the Divinity of CHRIST? -Does it not present unto us a dazling view of the unap-

proachable, emblazon'd Throne of God, adorn'd with the Presence of the LORD Jesus, surrounded with Angels

and Arch-Angels, and all the Company of Heaven! To fum up all, my lord, Does it not bring into the foul a divine communion with the Bleffed SPIRIT, transforming

Heb. ix. 14. the foul from dead works to ferve the Living Goo? Yea, is not this Faith, " a fure Trust and Considence in Gop,

that through the Merits of Christ our fins are forgiven, and we reconciled unto the Favour and Love of Gob?"

Rom. v. 5.

John v. 25.

Oh then, my lord, be not faithless, (fince you now are call'd to the divine Participation ) but believing, which will fettle in your foul a firm Affurance of the Sincerity of your Repentance, and raise you beyond the Fear of Death. -But, my lord, upon a rational hypothesis, if a man has Confidence towards God, can he fail of being happy 1 John ii. 21 in his Love? of rejoicing with Joy unspeakable? Does he not herein possess the invaluable Treasures of Peace, metaphorically describ'd in Holy Writ, under the Figure of the bidden Manna, &c.? - Why, my lord, if Affurance of Salvation is to be attained here (and that it is all the Scriptures of God bear record)—if God has witnessed to the foul, Thine Iniquity is taken away, thy Sin is purged, If. vi. 7. and the Peace of God by Faith dwells in the Temple con- Mat. ix, 2, form'd anew to his own Image, what Fear can overthrow so divine a Principle, which (when exercised upon its proper Object) openeth and shutteth Heaven, and gains admittance to the Throne and Majesty of Gon! - Verily, my lord, in full Affurance of Hope do all who believe on Heb. vi. 11. the Lord Jesus Christ, as co-equal and co-eternal with the FATHER, and none else, possess the Promises of God; and Our Faith is accounted to us for Rightcousness in the Rom. iv. 5. point of Salvation as was that of Abraham's.

ALAS, my lord, I am aftonish'd at the lifeless, balfflarv'd, moral Religion, that is so commonly and unhappily taught, independent of the Spirit of Christ? ---I pray God to teach you a more excellent way, viz. This FAITH in our LORD JESUS CHRIST; which will produce in you (as before hinted) a divine Assurance of everlasting Life, without wavering, Diffidence or Fear. ---- But believest Thou, the God of Glory is able to do this, viz. to take away all your Unbelief, and substitute in its room, the Knowledge of his SON, redeeming you from the guilt of fin (tho' never so foul) and from the Fear and Sting of Death, and all its terrible, affrighting consequences? dare pronounce then, you will not concern yourself about the Aparatus and the Formalities of your Execution, but lay your life down like a Lamb, as a just forfeiture for your Rebellion against the best of Kings, and in fure and certain hope of life everlasting!

WILFUL,

WILFUL, premeditated Rebellion, is a crime, my lord, that will bear no proportion of punishment justly adequate to its guilt, but death. But then, let it be confider'd, that a man barely confessing this, without having a deep conviction in his foul of his Unbelief, and all the other errors and stains thereof, gives one but little encouragement to think the wound was ever prob'd to the BOTTOM. Indeed there feems to be more labour fpent in making the unfortunate Earl acknowledge his Rebellion against his Conscience, than in informing him, (as was the DUTY of one entrusted with the Counsel of God) That if he died without a feeling sense of God's Love to his foul in Christ, (which I trust in God he happily experienced) and know that this and all his other Sins were forgiven him here, he would greatly endanger his Soul .- And here, my lord, I would also beg leave to ask, How can a man presume to offer the Eliments used in the LORD's Supper upon the Principles of Arianism? For if CHRIST was but a mere Creature, (as the Arians affirm) he cannot yet be ascended above PARADISE; and confequently his SPIRIT cannot be present in the Holy Eucharist, as descending from the divine Coalition of FATHER, SON and HOLY GHOST .-But Charity forbids me faying more on this Point, lest by its enumeration the Reader should be posses'd of too strong a prejudice against his fellow-creature, who has alseady fo far incurr'd the Censure of all true believers in the DIVINITY of CHRIST, as to demand their Prayers and Intercession with God in his behalf. — And as for the Prayer recited in p. 34. it would have founded better to the christian Ear, had it been couch'd in the Name and through the Merits of the LORD JESUS CHRIST. - But in this case, my lord, to call it Prayer, (I fear) is downright fatyrifing the glorious Appellation, inafmuch as it cannot properly be so call'd, without the Influence of the holy and bleffed Trinity accompanying it.

Be-

<sup>14.</sup> In viewing what follows, my lord, p. 35. we may easily perceive, how low human Fortitude is to divine.—

I have before hinted, my lord, how a soul that has received the Atonement would truimph at the instruments of death, and count it all joy he was going to be dissolved.

Because, my lord, a Soul happy in God gathers into his bosom the Boldness of hope of soon entring into the Holy of Exod. xxviii. Holies; and that tho' his fins were of the most crimson dye, like that of Murder, Rebellion against God, his King and Country, yet the Blood of Jesus was able to make them If. i. 18. as white as wool. - Unmanly Fear, my lord, is diffipated by the Love of God in Christ Jesus .- The fleady Countenance and Firmness of Voice (as mention'd by the Act.) are more properly the Indications of divine Fortitude, not buman .- Humility and Refignation, my lord, are also divine Indications of the Sincerity of the Soul: But can a man be truely bumble by persuasion? Can he be resign'd of his own will or ability? Experience tells me, that verily, verily, it is the Gift of God. - Pufilanimity, my lord, in a noble Penitent would certainly favour of unmanly Fear, was not the Spirit of God to be consider'd in his glorious and proper Attitude, of supporting the foul under its afflictions. - It's true, we cannot from the " mere boldness and intripidity of the sufferer, infer the goodness of his principles." Nature may assume a high degree in this matter, but GRACE shews herfelf forth with more irradiency—it over-shadows its elder-brother with its wingsit carries the Soul quite above natural Fear, and fills it with all the Beatitudes of Peace and Joy and Love in the 2 Cor. xiii. 11 God and Father of our LORD JESUS CHRIST. Now, Eph. i. 17. fuch a divine Fortitude as this, I would to God all men were posses'd of, but especially those, who know nearly the time of their death, and are fure they shall fall by the Hand of Justice.

39.

My lord, I here lament the dying of most of the unhappy Rebels, as well at Kennington-Common as at other places. Braving death, my lord, whilft the Guilt of Sin remains upon the foul, may rather require the Name of fool-hardiness than christian bravery. A due preparation for death does not confift in being Proof against the shocking Aparatus of the Scaffold or Gallows, nor in perfifting and dying in rebellious Principles. A true Penitent is he, who condemneth and abborreth himself before God - one who has cast himself into God's Judgments, and feeth that by his Rebellion against God he deserveth the damnation of belt—who is ever restless and uneasy under the bitter agonies of self-condemnation, and who cannot live (as hath been before observed) till Jesus the Mediator of the New Covenant hath spoken Peace unto his foul. Then, and not till then, will he be enabled expultingly to breathe forth, O Death, where is thy Sting! O Grave, where is thy Victory!— and being passed throw the shadow of death, he shall arise and shine in the kingdom of God's dear Son!

13. Our Act. now, my lord, tells us, p. 38. after an odd allusion of the manner of the death of one of the unfortunate lords to the " boldness of an expiring inquisition tyrant," That the Prefumptions of Enthusiasm are always more forward and assuming than the Considence inspired by Rational Religion" - But wifely carries the fystem into the Empire of Grecce. - As to this stroke of Enthusiasm, and pretending to fix it upon the followers of Mahomed, who would not be fuspicious that the thing was levell'd at the followers of the bleffed Jesus, as God, co-equal and co-eternal with the Father - which in the eyes of an Arian is rank Enthusiasm. - But by the By, methinks the Act. lashes bimself in this section, (if he intended any thing) because a Preacher of Righteousness must be a miferable Enthusiast (according to the delusive acceptation of the word) if he does no more than a Mahomedan acknowledge the LORD JESUS CHRIST. And I may venture to fay, That in this case the Postulatum of supposed heroism may be as justly fixed upon an Arian Prostitute, inasmuch as HE crucifies the Lord of Life afresh, by rendering Him upon the level of a Creature, tho' He is Gon over all, bleffed forevermore! - Now then, what difference is there between an enthusiastick Mahomedan and an enthusiastick Arian? verily, not a jot. Of the two, the Mahomedan has the Preference, because he acts upon his own innate principles of Infidelity ---- but the other fins as gainst Light and Knowledge.

But my lord, true Religion, and the fearching after Rightcousness, now a-days bear the inviduous Appellations of Enthusiasm and Delusion. But nevertheless, I never yet could find among the wise and prudent, any one so

judicious as to give the was etymology of the word Enthufiafm: And here I would beg the favour to be fatisfied, why w OEO mould be render'd Enthusiasm, whereas its true meaning is, in God .- Now, for an Arian to argue for the one, is no wonder, because it confounds his Understanding of the Godhead of Christ-but for those who profess the Life and Principles of true Religion, and pray unto God to have the Thoughts of their Hearts cleanfed by the Inspiration of his Holy Spirit: I fay, for fuch Profeffors to join in the delufive acceptation of the word, is fo absurd and ridiculous, as to afford room to call in question their Understanding as Men, and the Veracity of their Profession as Christians. - TRUTH, my lord, is the Herald of Wisdom, winging its way thro' all the regions of the world .- TRUTH iffues from the Throne of Gon, and bears forth the triumphant Banner of God's Mircy and Love: It enables the foul exultingly to burk forth, with exceeding Confidence and Joy, I know that my Redeemer liveth! My Belowed is mine, and I am his! Whom have I in Heaven but Thee, Thou bleffed Redeemer of finful man! -Verily, my lord, this is Enthusiasm, according to Arianism-But according to the Gospel of JESUS CHRIST, it is to be ey Or O, happy in Goo, thro' the Eternal Purpose of his Son, and the everlasting and glorious Covenant of Grace. And I pray God, that you, and all who defire Salvation through the Power and Mediation of the SON, may never rest till you are filled with all the Plenitude of Gop! - Moreover, in this state, my lord, you will find, that Vertue, without the preceding Grace of God, is not the bigbest Dignity and chief Security against the Stain of Honour. It is an Arian Hypothesis. For suboscever is BORN OF GOD is posses'd of the highest Dignity, and chief Security (even against all the efforts of Hell) and none else. Because, when a soul is born again, born from on bigh, John iii. 9, and is freed from the guilt of fin, he is made proportionably holy, vertuous, just and good. We then see God (by Mat. v. 8. Faith) in the Face of JESUS CHRIST: But God out of CHRIST is a consuming Fire. — So that if a soul is to be brought to believe Certainty (with respect to his repentance, as in p. 30.) is not attainable, and this Uncertainty (or, to give

the damnation of hell—who is ever restless and uneasy under the bitter agonies of self-condemnation, and who cannot live (as hath been before observed) till Jesus the Mediator of the New Covenant hath spoken Peace unto his soul. Then, and not till then, will he be enabled expliningly to breathe forth, O Death, where is thy Sting! O Grave, where is thy Victory!— and being passed throw the shadow of death, he shall arise and shine in the kingdom of God's dear Son!

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give it its right Name, this Unbelief) the highest pitch to which a foul can be raised, or that Vertue (antecedent to the Grace of God) is the highest Dignity or chief Security of the Soul - what will become of those who make Pastimes, Balls, Plays, Dancings, Masquerades, &c. &c. a Part of their Vertue? - and live and die without the inward Knowledge of God or his CHRIST? -- No man is truly honourable, beneficent, or kind, from any natural principle, but what proceeds from the Grace of God. A man may plead to be a vertuous, upright, good-natur'd person, and a lover of his Neighbour as he pretends to love God - but if he offers to ground his fincerity upon any other Principle than what cometh of God, HE it is that is properly an Enthufiast (i.e. a deluded Professor of Religion). - My lord, Vertue, and vertuous Principles, proceed only from the Love of CHRIST implanted in the Soul by his Holy Spirit. It is the Light that shineth into the dark corners of the foul, and reveals itself to the fallen, dark, but intelligent Being, MAN! - It is He that gives us to fee by Faith what is naturally invisible - to taste of the Powers of the World to come - to drink deep into the Cup of his Sufferings - to take up our Cross, and Suffer his Will in auhatsoever pleaseth Him. In this ave shall be made more than Conquerors thro' Him that bath loved us, and given himself for us, that he might redeem unto himself a peculiar People-who believe He is the Son of God (coequal and co-eternal with the Father) and by whose death and intercession alone we may expect to receive the great Inauguration of - Come ye bleffed of my Father, receive ye the Kingdom prepard for you from the Beginning of the World!

Which is the hearty Prayer of

Your Lordsbip's sincere Friend,

PHILALETHES.

of e se of but we be